BEELZEBUB WILL CATCH IT

Great Preparations at the Kokomo Tabernacle for Sam Jones's Meetings.

Final Chapter in the Tow-Bass Feud Ends with Curtis Bass and Doss Moore Both Getting Penitentiary Sentences.

Wallace's Big Elephant "Tobe" Fatally Injures Keeper Gibson at Peru.

Troublous Times in the Wabash Hat Factory -Ontrage on a Friendless Woman at Muncie-Queer Domestic Row at Columbus.

SATAN HAD BETTER MOVE.

A Religious War of Twenty Days Will Break Out at Kokomo This Week, Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Kokomo, Ind., Feb. 25. - Wednesday,

March 1. Rev. Sam Jones, the noted Georgia evangelist, will begin a three weeks' series of meetings in this city. He comes at the urgent request of the pastors' association of this place, who, with the united sanction of the churches, are making extensive preparations to receive the far-famed talker. Jones was here early in the winter and delivered two sermons. They created a general desire for his return for more extended work. A movement was inaugurated at once to secure the noted preacher and prepare for a grand revival. Jones agreed to come if a tabernacle capable of seating 5,000 people was erected. This structure is now completed. The tabernacle is conveniently situated in the central part of the city, a few blocks from the three railway depots, with electric street cars running to the main entrance. The edifice is 132 by 132 feet on the ground, with a twenty-two-foot ceiling. There are 2,500 chairs occupying the front rows, and benches to seat 2,500 more in the The platform was made sufficiently large to accommodate a choir of 300 singers, who are now rehearsing for the meetings. Fifty ushers, appointed by the several churches, will see to seating the

The building will be heated by sixteen stoves burning natural gas, and will be illuminated by seven 2,000-candle-power electric are lamps, the fuel and light being donated by the gas and electric companies. Special rates are being secured on all railroads entering the city, and it is the purpose to run excursions from Indianapolis, Michigan City, Wabash, Lafayette, Veedersburg, Bluffton, Logansport, Richmond, Muncie, Anderson, Marion, Frankfort, Peru

and other points. The great evangelist will be accompanied here by Rev. George Stewart, who is an eloquent preacher, his services being especially effective in strengthening converte, O. E. Excell, a composer and singer of great ability, will also be here to lead the choir. The Jones party closed a three weeks' service at Memphis, Tenn., last Sunday, and this week are at Clarks-Tenn. At Memphis Jones made a record of 2,500 converts, and as the Rev. Sam himself states, "five policemen were required to keep the people away." Hundreds were turned away at every meeting. unable to gain admission. Jones and his assistants will arrive here next Tuesday, and the meetings will begin at once, continuing twenty days.
The music will be an interesting feature of the services. Two hundred and fifty of the best singers in Kokomo are in training for the meetings under the direction of Prof. W. Em Browne, superintendent of the musical department in the

LAST CHAPTER IN THE TOW-BASS FEUD Curtis Bass Given a Four Years' Sentence

for Shooting Henry Tow. .

city schools. Every Protestant church in

the city is in hearty sympathy with the

movement and working unitedly for its

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BEDFORD, Ind., Feb. 25 .- The trial of Curtis Bass, charged with the shooting of Henry Tow, on Aug. 21, 1891, has been occupying the court for several days this week. The jury, after forty-eight hours deliberation, agreed on a verdict, and Bass was sentenced for a term of four years in the penitentiary. This is the second time this case has been tried here, it being some-what complicated. The jury failed to agree on his first trial. It appears that on the night of the shooting some one laid in ambush for Tow, and at his approach he was greeted with a shower of bullets. The would-be assassin was never directly iden-

Morton Daily, a juror in the Curtis Bass case for the attempted murder of Henry Tow, was charged with trying to bribe A J. Freed, another juror, to hang the jury in this case. Judge Miers promptly investigated, but Daily denied the charge, whereupon Freed filed an affidanit affirming the fact. However, under the law, the Judge had to acquit when the juror denied the

The case of Doss Moore came up for trial in the Circuit Court here yesterday. Moore is charged with the murder of Henry Tow.on the night of Sept. 12, 1892. The shooting occurred in Dr. Burton's drug store, at Mitchell. After a basty examination of the witnesses and a strong argument of the attorneys, lasting till nearly midnight, the case was given to the jury. After a few hours' deliberation a verdict of guilty was rendered, and Moore was sentenced for seven years in the penitentiary.

FLUNG FORTY FEET BY AN ELEPHANT. Wallace's "Tobe" Nearly Murders Keeper Gibson, who Was Non Persons Grata. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Peru, Ind., Feb. 25 .- There, was a scene not down on the bills at Wallace's circus inter quarters, near this city, yesterday afternoon. It will likely prove serious to one person, and at one time looked bad for all concerned. "Tobe." second largest elephant of the herd of nine, manifested a desire togo on the war-path and became dangerously vicious. Although securely chained by both feet no attempts were made by the attendants to approach him. Miles Gibson, a new employe, attempted to feed him. The monster made a lunge breaking one of the chains and succeeded in catching the man with his trunk. With one sweep in the air he threw Gibson across the room, a distance of forty feet, landing him against the heavy brick wall where he struck about ten feet from the floor. Gibson was found some time afterward by some of the other employes who missed him, in an unconscious condition, with no bones broken, but, it is Seared, injured internally. The anial was quieted by forcible means. here is a strange fact connected these ponderous brutes that ever since the leaving of the old keeper, I weeney, who has had charge of them for rears, they have been unruly and dangerous, and the two successive keepers have had much trouble in managing them. Sweeney knew them perfectly, and they obeyed his slightest whim. The same unrest is apparent in the lions, tigers and other animals.

WOLF LOST HIS HEAD.

Serious Trouble at the Wabash Hat Factory Resulting from a Strike. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Feb. 25 .- As a sequel to the affray at the Pioneer hat factory yesterday afternoon, mentioned in these dispatches last night, twenty-five employes in the sizing-room at the factory decided to quit work this morning. As they started for the office about 7:30 o'clock to get their costs and buckets, Mr. David Wolf, one of the proprietors, thinking that the men contemplated violence. jumped on a table, drew a revolver, and threatened to commit wholesale slaughter if they advanced. The men, it Wheat Growing and Drainage." It was Michigan shore, and reported the vessel's said, threatened Mr. Wolf with agreed that the wire fence would supersede predicament.

violence, but better counsel prevailed and he finally permitted them to get their property and leave. This afternoon Wolf was arrested for pointing a revolver and carrying concealed weapons, and his trial was set for Monday evening. Nathan Meyer, the other proproprietor of the factory, who was stabled seriously in the scuille with James Colvin yesterday afternoon, will be confined to his bed for weeks. Colvin remained in jail over night, but gave bond to-day and was released. There are fourteen witnesses summoned to appear against Wolf at his trial in the Mayor's court Monday. The trouble at the factory is the talk of the town to-day.

A MUNCIE OUTRAGE.

An Unfortunate Woman Kept in a Saloon All Night and Turned Out Half Naked. Special to the Indianapoils Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Feb. 25,-Minnie White, a well-known woman about town here, was found by the police this morning on South Walnut street in a deplorable condition. A crowd of tough men had got the woman 10 a saloon and kept her there until near morning, when she was thrown out in the cold half naked. She had no shoes or stockings on when found, and her feet were badly frozen. She had fallen heavily on a curb-stone and cut a bad gash in her head, and was found unconscious in a pool of blood. The woman has respectable parents near Lima, O., but she is homeless and friendless here.

MRS. MILLER IS HUSBANDLESS. A Smart Young Woman Turns Up and I Preferred by Nathan Miller.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Columbus, Ind., Feb. 25 .- About four months ago a young married couple came this city and began housekeeping. They became known Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Miller, and until yesterday matters moved along smoothly. Young Miller procured work at the cerealine mills, working from midnight until noon of each day. Yesterday, after he had returned from his work and retired to take his usual rest, there was s gentle rap on his door, and his wife answered the call. She was met arded there and was informed that he lived there and that she was his wife. battle followed which awoke Miller, who knocked his wife down and left her, going with the other woman. Mrs. Miller to-day filed suit for support and divorce against her husband, who refuses to return and live with her any longer.

ISHERWOOD REWARDED.

Delphi Postoffice Will Go to the Editor the Democratic Lucal Paper.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DELPHI, Ind., Feb. 25.-The postoffice row at this place was brought to a focus yesterday when a letter was received from Congressman Hammond announcing to the contestants that he had decided to recommend the appointment of R. M. leherwood, editor of the Times. Mr. Isherwood was chairman of the county central committee, and a son-in-law of Charles R. Pollard, who was a delegate to the Chicago convention that nominated Cleveland. This appointment is received with anything but joyous acclaim by the Democrats of the city. The contestants were Hon. John S. Odell, a Democratic war-horse, and James W. Weidener, a vigorous representative of the county Democracy. Soon after the contest opened Congressman Hammond announced that the man who presented the best petition would be recommended for the place, and Odell and Weidener spent weeks circulating petitions. Isherwood circulated no petition, saying that if he could not get the appointment without thus bumiliating himself he did not care for it. Without presenting the shadow of a petition he secures the place. This is what aggravates the other contestants and their friends more than anything else, and they are talking of dire revenge on the Congressman, Isherwood will not give up the publication of his paper during his incumbency. The postoffice and Democratic organ will both be managed from the same tent and both will be auxiliary to the Democratic county central committee, of which Mr. Isherwood will remain chairman.

WANAMAKER'S LAND SCHEME. The Postmaster-General and Others Interested in a Big Deal at Marion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Marion, Ind., Feb. 25 .- A transaction including the transfer of over six hundred acres of land, on the outskirts of the city, was consummated here today. Ex-Governor Steele has had the matter in hand since the visit of Postmaster-general Wanamaker last fall, when the latter became interest ed in the future of the Indiana gas field. Since that he has succeeded in attracting the interest of others of national repute. The syndicate organized for this purchase also includes Treasurer Nebeker, George W. Boyd, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania system; R. B. F. Peirce, general manager of the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western railroad, and others. Hon, C. W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, is also interested in the enterprise. A factory fund will be set aside for the development of the tract, \$30,000 of which is already available for that purpose. The first thing to be done is to locate substantial factories, and negotiations are already pending with a number of them. Treasurer Nebeker will move here, and make this his home as soon as he is relieved from the treasuryship, which he will resign as soon as he can consistently do so. The capital stock of the company

THE GAS-BELT HEROINE. Not Afraid of Dynamite, but Objected to Being Deluged.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Feb. 25.-Mrs. W. W. Walters, who successfully shot a gas wel with eighty quarts of nitroglycerine, a few weeks since, accompanied by her husband, went north of Muncie, last evening, to the Williams farm, were she was to make her second attempt, but failed. It was necessary to fill the well with water which bubbles from the hole in such manner as to spray the water for some distance around, and she objected to getting wet. The little woman says she has tried to induce her husband to quit the business, but be refuses, and she now proposes to go with him, and if he be killed she wants to go with him. Walters went to Anderson today to shoot a well, and the woman accompanied him in the vehicle laden with the

dangerous cargo of explosive. How Crawfordsville Will Help the Poor,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 25 .- The work of helping the deserving poor in this city has been placed on a firm basis, and aid will be extended hereafter in a sys tematic manner whereby impostors will not receive any benefit. An organization has been formed to be known as the Crawfordsville Society of Organized Charity. The society will be nonsectarian, and its objects will be to see to all deserving cases of destitution, to prevent indiscriminate and duplicate giving, to make employment the basis of relief, to secure the community against impostors, to do away with vagrancy and pauperism as far as possible and to prevent children from growing up paupers or becoming victors. The dues for members will be \$2 annually, and the society will be managed by fourteen trustees, with the city Mayor, the township trustee and one representative from each church and charitable organization on the com-

Views of Wabash County Farmers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., Feb. 25.-The Wabash County Farmers' Institute closed a two days' session here this evening. The attendance was the largest ever known, and the proceedings were of unusual interest. The feature of to-day was the address of Senator Mount, of Montgomery county, on "How to Make Farming Profitable." Col. Husselman, of Auburn, spoke on "Corn and

all others in the future; that sheep raising was one of the most profitable ventures for the farmer; that clover should be sown as a fertilizer and always in March, and that the sale of straw to paper mills, now done so extensively in northern Indiana, was rumous to farming interests.

Summitville Brick Factory Burned, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SUMMITVILLE, Ind., Feb. 25 .- At 2 o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in one of the sheds of the Summitville brick factory, and in a short time the several sheds, together with about 120,000 brick in the dry kilns, were destroyed. Timely assistance of the employes saved the engineand molding-room, ing the machinery. The factory is a new one and had only recently commenced operations, the burning of the first kiln of brick being just finished. The loss will reach \$5,000, with \$4,000 insurance, equally divided between the North British and Mercantile and Western of Toronto. The directors met immediately after the fire and decided to rebuild at once.

Editor of the Valparaiso Vidette Assaulted, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Feb. 25. - Edward Welty, editor of the Porter County Vidette, a Republican paper, was assaulted to-night by Hon. C. J. Kern, a prominent Democratic politician and ex-member of the Indiana House of Representatives. Kern, was lately made defendant in a suit brought by the State for \$10,000 back taxes. The Vidette has been very pronounced in its condemnation of Kern's methods, and the assault to-night was precipitated by an article printed in Thursday's issue. Welty is a veteran of the late war, and about sixty years old.

Six Families Made Homeless, Special to the Indiapapolis Journal.

COLUMRUS, Ind., Feb. 25 .- At 2 o'clock this morning a large tenement house in this city burned to the ground. The structure was frame and two stories high. and occupied by six families, twentyfour persons in all. The inmates barely escaped with their lives, losing their clothing and all their property. Charitable institutions were at once notified and took care of the homeless. Telephone, telby a young woman who inquired if Miller | egraph and city electric wires were melted

Two Boy Counterfeiters Caught.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 25.-For some time the police have been excited over repeated burglaries of stores here. They were disclosed to be the work of two boys, Chauncey Moore, aged thirteen, and Frank Clark, aged fifteen. They had counterfeiter's dies and molds, and confessed that they had been making counterfeit dimes, which they had passed freely about the city. Much of the property stolen from the stores was recovered.

Lackey's Sales Amounted to \$100,000.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., Feb. 25.-To-day was the fifth and last day of J. S. Lackey's sixth annual speed sale. Seventy-five horses were disposed of for \$15,000, an average of \$200 a head. Total sales for the five days will aggregate \$100,000, making an average of \$250 for the 410 horses sold. The sale has been highly successful, considering the number of young and undeveloped stock offered and the comparatively low and flooded market.

Wayne County Toll Roads to Be Bought Up.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Feb. 25.—Richmond and Wayne township to-day, by special election, decided to purchase the seven toll roads entering this city by a majority of about four hundred. The price agreed on is in the neighborhood of \$50,000.

Indiana Notes.

A new schoolhouse in Pleasant township, Porter county, which was completed Jan. 1 at a cost of \$2,000, was burned Friday morning. Insurance, \$800, in the Phenix

of Brooklyn. The largest and finest dog ever in Crawfordsville is now owned by Chester Britton of that place. It is a Danish boar hound which took second prize at the recent dog show in Chicago, and weighs 150 pounds. F. J. McGuire, general manager of the Belt, at Bedford, save that they will soon be in shape to handle passengers between Bedford and Buff Ridge. Two coaches which were purchased East have arrived. Bill Edson and Charles S. Ellers were sentenced to two years each in the penitentiary at Vincennes yesterday, for burglary. The grand jury returned indictments against the prisoners at 11:30, they pleaded guilty, and at 12:30 were on their way to the penitentiary.

Andrew Pearson, of Kokomo, has instituted suit against G. L. Henderson, H. E. Henderson and Milton Bell, proprietors of the Kokomo Opera Honse, asking \$5,000 for the death of his seventeen-year-old son, who, on Jan. 28 last, was killed by an icicle falling from the opera house.

UNDER THE STARS AND STRIPES.

The Steamship New York Starts on Her First Voyage as an American Vessel. NEW YORK, Feb. 25 .- At exactly 1:35 o'clock, this atternoon, the hawsers of the steamship New York were cast loose, and, with a blast from her whistle which drowned for a moment the cheers of those assembled on the wharf, the steamship started on her first voyage under the stars and stripes. She is bound for Southampton. As she swung out into the river Mrs. John W. Foster, wife of the former Secretary of State, leaned over the rail and waved a large American flag, while her busband, who stood by her side, bowed again and again in recognition of the responsive cheers. The New York carried the national

flag at the stern. The New York carries 425 passengers, an unusually large number for this season of the year. One hundred and fifty persons engaged first cabins, seventy-five second cabins, and the steerage contains two hundred passengers. Among the first-cabin passengers are ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster and wife and Senator John T. Morgan. The Senator and Mr. Foster are going abroad to represent this government before the Behring sea arbitration commit-

As the great steamer moved out of her slip and down the harbor with the stars and stripes flying astern, and with the great blue eagle on a white ground fluttering aloft, the steam craft saluted her with steam-whistle screams, and hundreds of people ashore cheered and waved patriotically.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Feb. 25.-Arrived: State of Nebraska, from Glasgow: Veendaam, from Rotterdam; Britannic, from Queenstown; Werra, from Bremen. ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 25 .- Arrived: Fuerst

Bismarck, from New York. BREMERHAVEN, Feb. 25,-Arrived: Elbe, from New York.

"Diamond Tommy" a Free Man. CINCINNATI, Feb. 25 .- Thomas Ambrose, 'Diamond Tommy." is once more, after fifteen years of refuge and exile, a free man. United States District Attorney Herro to-day caused to be nollied the indictments against the ex-United States clerk, over whose hung judgments amounting to \$14,-000. Harry T. Ambrose, of New York, the defendant, paid over the amount asked -87,500 in cash. The money was deposited in the subtreasury. Ambrose was Clerk of the United States Court here, and absconded with over \$50,000 of the government's money, and fled to Europe. A few weeks ago he returned and surrendered himself.

Steam Barge in a Perilous Position. George T. Burroughs is locked in the ice, about eighteen miles off Michigan City with her coal all gone and her sea-cocks frozen so that no water can be pumped into the boiler. On board the steamer are six persons. The vessel left Milwaukee for Chicago last Wednesday. but was unable to make the harbor on account of her coal giving out, and she was then blown across the lake and held fast by the ice. W. J. Healey, and Greier Napier. son of the captain, made their way over

The Sherman Bond Amendment Meets with Strong Opposition in the House.

Denounced by Mr. Bland as Intended to Benefit Wall Street Manipulators of Trust Stocks and to Rob the People.

All Unconfirmed Nominations and the Hawaiian Treaty to Be Hung Up.

Democratic Senators and a Few Republicans Refuse to Go Into Executive Session-Condition of the Treasury Explained.

STRUGGLE IN THE HOUSE. Silverites Fighting the Sherman Bond Prop-

osition-Attacked by Bland, WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-After routine business was disposed of in the House today-an hour and a half wasted in doing it-Mr. Holman renewed the request made by him yesterday that the Senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill, with one exception, be formally nonconcurred in and a conference be agreed upon. That exception was the Sherman bond amendment and Mr. Holman proposed that when the conference should report upon the other amendments one day should be devoted to debate upon that proposition.

tion, provided that a similar course should be taken with the anti-option bill, and that it should be sent to conference. But objection was made to this request, whereupon Mr. Hatch emphatically objected to Mr. Holman's proposition. Mr. Holman moved that the House go

Mr. Hatch said he would make no objec-

into committee of the whole for consideration of general appropriation bilts, and, notwithstanding Mr. Hatch's opposition, Mr. Holman's motion was agreed to-yeas,

137; nays, 103. The first bill on the calendar was the Indian appropriation bill. This bill Mr. Holman requested should be passed over for the present. Mr. Hatch objected, and the committee was compelled to rise in order to submit the question to the House, which decided that the bill should be passed over. The committee having resumed its session, the sundry civil bill was taken up. Mr. Holman then asked unanimous consent that all the Senate amendments be not concurred in, with the exception of the Sherman bond amendment, on which debate should be had until 4 o'clock Monday.

To this proposition Mr. Bland objected, unless it was agreed that, at the close of the debate on the bond amendment, the amendment should be considered as nonconcurred in. But to this, after a noisy disones on, few of the participators therein being able to make themselves heard, Mr. Cockran objected, and the routine work of considering the Senate amandments seriatim was started. But the silver men were on the alert and Mr. Pierce raised the point of no quorum on a motion to not concur in the tirst Senate amendment, which increases the limit of cost of the public building at Allegheny, Pa., to \$535,000. The amendment was not concurred in-168 to 0. On the motion to concur in the next amendment, being one for the continuation of the public building at Omaha, Neb., Mr. Bland raised the point of no quorum.

During the dreary wait for a quorum the silver men had an intermal conference, the result of which was that Mr. Bland withdrew his point, but on the next amendment he took the floor with a speech on the financial situation. He opposed the Sherman amendment, and appealed to members to stand against this scheme of Wall street. About a month ago there was a threatened financial panic. Stocks were running down, especially trust stocks, which were organized conspiracies against the free trade and commerce of the country-combinations that had watered their stocks and desired to maintain them at high prices. The manipulators of these stocks desired the pending legislation, and if they could they would induce the federal treasury to load itself up with gold so as to satisfy Europe that there was no danger that the interest would not be paid in gold. In that way they could float their inflated stocks, and doubly rob the people. The bill might pass to-day, which would give to the Secretary of the Treasury unlimited discretion to issue bonds-because there was no limit to it. And a Congress that would give to the Secretary of the Treasury-he did not care to what political party that Secretary might belong—the unlimit-ed power sought to be enforced by this amendment, ought to receive the condemnation of the American people.

After some further debate the committee and public business having been sue pended, the House proceeded to pay tribute of respect to the memory of the late Senator John Barbour, of Virginia, and then ad-

HAWAIIAN TREATY SHELVED. Democrats Will Neither Ratify It Nor Con-

firm Hanchett's Nomination. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25,-There is trouble ahead for the Republicans in the matter of the confirmation of Benton Hanchett, nominated by the President to be a justice of the Sixth federal judicial district. The Democrats have practically served notice on the Republicans that they will resist to the end any attempt to bring about the confirmation, for the reason, they assert, that the retiring President ought not to be permitted to nominate to a life position a

The Hawaiian treaty, it is also thought is dead for the session. This is reluctantly conceded even by its friends. The action of the Senate to-day, in refusing to go into executive session, though that action doubtless had some reference to the Hanchett nomination, was also accepted as a conclusive indication that the treaty should be shelved for the balance of the session. The treaty matter can, of course, be taken up in the extra session which will convene immediately after the present Congress dies, but, unless some marked change occurs, there is believed to be no prospect of action upon it during the life of the present administration.

member of his own party after the people

have removed that party from power.

Probably the knowledge of this disposition on the part of the Senate had some reflex influence on the action of the House. There was to have been a meeting of the ways and means committee of the House to-day to consider the Springer resolution declaratory of the sense of the House of Representatives that neither the Hawaiian nor any other treaty of annexation should be made without the consent of the House, but it did not take place. One of the Republican committeemen said that his colleagues are unitedly against the resolution. The Republicans, he said, were satisfied on an examination of precedents, especially of the debate in 1796 over the Jay treaty and of letters of Jefferson, that the proposition that the House must be consulted in advance of a ratification by the President and the Senate of a treaty of annexation was not maintainable. He predicted that the resolution would be permitted to fall to the ground. Democratic members of the committee are still examining the subject, but it does not seem likely that the resolution will be pushed.

NO EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

Aided by a Few Republicans the Democrats Capture the Senate.

spent in discussing various amendments, of little importance, to the legislative appropriation bill, the Senate passed the bill to-day, insisted on its amendments. and requested a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes. As a motion for a conference at that stage of an appropriation bill is not usual Mr. Dawes, in charge of the bill, exeighteen miles of water and ice to the plained that he made the motion at the request of a member of the House committee

him, he was not at liberty to state, but he thought that Senators could understand

A motion, which was made by Mr. Sherman, to go into executive session, was defeated by the compact Democratic vote aided by these Republicans and one Populist vote. One of the leading Democratic Senators stated to a reporter that the particular significance of the vote was that the remaining time of the session should be given to legislative business, and not frittered away in petty nominations or in considering the Hawaiian treaty. No action on the treaty, he said, would be had this session. The vote on Mr. Sherman's motion stood: Yeas, 21; nays, 26. Mesers. Hale. Pfeffer. Power and Dawes voted with the Democrats.

After paying a tribute to the memory of the late Representative Spinols, of New York, the Senate adjourned.

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY. Secretary Foster Makes a Statement to the Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- Secretary of the

Treasury Foster was before the ways and

means committee of the House for nearly two hours to-day explaining the condition of the treasury. The hearing was conducted with closed doors. The statement of Secretary Foster was to the effect that there was no occasion for fear of a bankrupt treasury, but he admitted that the situation was one demanding serious consideration, and that his estimates of the available cash in the treasury at the close of the present fiscal year would need to be scaled down to some extent. Mr. Foster thought there would be a surplus in the treasury July 1, next, of nearly \$17,000,000. His estimate in the report heretofore sent to the committee on the condition of the treasury fixed the surplus at \$20,000,000. The probabilities for the fiscal year 1594 were that,

in the absence of some change in the situs-

tion, there would be a deficit in the treas-

ury on July 1, 1894.

Speaking of the frequently-repeated assertion that the treasury was now really bankrupt, Mr. Foster said in substance: "Once in a while, when large requisitions have come in on top of each other, and I did not want to pay them because we would have to put out gold, which might be rather low at the time, we would potter along for a day or two, and then some fellow would say the treasury is bankrupt and all that sort of thing." The Secretary gave the distinct impression that he did not coincide in the views expressed in their statements. Mr. Foster said that all his statements were based on a continuation of the present rate of taxation, so if there were a change, of course, his esti-

mates would not stand. He thought there might be a deficit in 1894. He believed that \$50,000,000 more revenue should be raised and put into the treasury in order to make everything safe and the conditions favorable for a proper administration of the affairs of the goverament. He offered no suggestion as to whether this amount should be raised by a loan or by additional taxation. If he were to have continued in the office of Secretary of the Treasury he would like to have \$50,000,000 added to the balance, \$25,000,000 of which he would use to maintain the gold reserve, as he believed the treasury would be the better for having on hand \$125,000,000 of gold or \$25, 000,000 of free gold. The Secretary said that there would be no difficulty in getting plenty of gold if he had the money to spare, Nothing was said about the cause of the present exports of gold or the probabilities of future gold shipments, but Mr. Foster said that he had expected its outflow. In explanation of the reduction in his esti-mated surplus for the close of the current tiscal year, Mr. Foster said that the payment of the Choctaw claim bad not been estimated when he placed the surplus at \$20,000,000. Its payment would take about three million dollars. The receipts had also fallen somewhat below his estimates, and at the close of the fiscal year would

LIKE AMERICAN POPULISTS

probably be less than he had estimated.

German Farmers Want to Reverse the Whole Policy of the Government.

Formidable Combination of Agrarian Interests That Threatens to Worry Chancellor Caprivi and His Young Master.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.-Emperor William was present at an official dinner given last night by Dr. Von Boetticher, Secretary of the Imperial Home Office and representative of the Chancellor. His Majesty led the conversation, which was devoted to the ausorbing topic in political circles-the formation of a great agrarian party. Chancellor Von Caprivi, the anniversary of whose birth it was, was the only Minister who was not present at the banquet. The simost his old-time vigor. He took a ride Emperor, in offering a toast to the absent Chancellor, alluded to his sacrificing his personal feelings to serve the state and to his fidelity to his Emperor in such terms as inspired the conviction among his hearers that Chancellor Von Caprivi will only be driven from office when the Emperor shall have been forced to succumb before an overwhelming defeat of the imperial pol-

The agrarian commissions, while affecting loyalist reverence for the Emperor, practically demand a radical change in the imperial policy. The strength of the agitation led by the Farmers' League develops daily. Since the Agrarian League formulated its programme, every day has seen adhesions to it frem kindred interests. The congress of German agriculturists and the Peasants' League, with 40,000 members, the Financial and Economic Reform Union and the Bimetallic Association have successively announced their full agreement with the objects of the Agrarian League. The wire-pullers behind all these associations are the same, but as the stage changes different persons appear in the scene. The plot tends to one denoeument -the overthrow of Von Caprivi's protection to the agricultural interests and a return to bimetallism.

The leaders of the coalition already feel powerful enough to declare that nothing short of a reversal of the whole policy of the government will content them. As the Emperor cannot be expected to assent to their demands, the party aims at a dissolution of the Reichstag at the earliest possi-

Formidable in itself, the coalition is further fortified by a union with the antisemitics. The Peasants' League, in agreeing to dissolve and merge itself into the Agrarian League, passed a resolution declaring that the agrarian interests must consolidate, so as to show a bold and united front to radicalism, socialism and Judaism. The Freissinige press at first treated the movement with contempt. The agitation is too obviously potent now to be discussed otherwise than seriously. An election at Leignitz, hitherto a stronghold of the Freissinige party, giving at the last preceding election only 150 votes to the antisemitic candidate, nearly resulted on Tuesday last in a Freissinige defeat. Hertwig. an advocate, who was the antisemitic candidate, received upward of 5,000 votes, against 6,000 cast for the Freissinige candidates. Herr Hertwig's sole claim to the votes of the electors was that he was counsel for rector Ahlwardt in the recent libel suit brought against that noted antisemitic. He owed his heavy poll to Conservative votes. A reballot 18 necessary, and this will probably result in the return of the Freissinige candidate. In the meantime the enormous increase in the antisemitic vote has dismayed the Liberals, who are regarding their chances as sec-CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The steam barge WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—After four hours ond in the less hopeful districts. The Emperor is following the movement with close attention. He directed Herr Lucanus, the chief of his private Cabinet, to send trusted agents to attend the agrarian meetings and to telegraph reports from the various cen-

ters of the country. Prince Bismarck is in the closest touch with the agrarian leaders. He has responded to expressions of devotion sent to him from a number of meetings with assurances that he is in full sympathy with the agrarian agitation. The Hamburger Nachrichten, in a series of articles obviously inspired by Prince Bismarck, incites the on appropriations. The reasons given to | leaders of the movement not to abate their

attacks upon the government, and predicts their eventual triumph. Rector Ahlwardt was released from the Ploetzensee jail yesterday, his sentence having expired. His release was made the occasion of a demonstration by the antisemitics. Herr Werner denounced the Hebrews in the usual violent manner of the antisemities. Ablwardt was heartily cheered upon declaring that he was prepared to torfest his liberty again if by doing so he could only hasten the deliverance of the fatherland from the loathsome plague of Judaishn. Ahlwards took his seas

in the Reichstag to-day. In response to inquiries made at the Foreign Office as to the truth of the reports that negotiations are being conducted for a German-American commercial treaty, your correspondent learned that no communications of any kind are proceeding. The rumors had their basis in requests sent by the Foreign Office to the different industrial centers for reports as to how exports had been affected under the operations of the McKinley tariff. The inquiry indicates that Chancellor Von Caprivi intends to sound the Cleveland government on some commercial arrangement. While looking into this matter, your correspondent learned that the War Office had finally decided against using maize as a regular mixture in rye bread. The War Office tried twenty-six different kinds of maize mixtures with flour, rice, etc., but none was

found satisfactory.
The Centrists celebrated the Pope's jubilee with a banquet at the Hotel Kaiserhoff. Prince Anton von Radziwill presiding. The health of the Pope was toasted with fervent enthusiasm. Telegrams from Herr Ballestrem, the Centrist envoy, state that the Pope has indorsed the party's policy in the Reienstag, making Centrist support of the army bill dependent upon the government permitting the recall of the Jesuits. The bill has been hanging in committee since November. The Center party will now give a quicker movement to the proceedings, with a view to a proposal for the recall of the Jesuits being accelerated in the Reichstag. Hitherto the Centrists have avoided supporting the agricultural movement, if the government opposes the return of the Jesuits many members of the party will unhesitatingly coalesce with those supporting that movement. In the meanwhile a most friendly feeling toward Catholics prevails in official quarters. Gen. Von Loe, the German envoy to the Vatican, who is a Catholic, 18. it is reported, meeting with a most cordial reception from Cardinal Ram-

polla, pontifical Secretary of State, It having been stated in certain newspapers that Chancellor Von Caprivi was about to marry a widow, your correspondent went direct to headquarters for information on the subject. In response to the inquiry the Chancellor sent the following message through his adjutant-major, Ebmeyer: "My compliments, but I am much too o'd for such a step."

The Ministry of War has issued special and stringent instructions to all the garrisons to guard against a revival of cholera-

Ball Players Won't Sign. NEW YORK, Feb. 25,-A local paper says: "The teams of the National League and American Association of baseball clubs are far from being ready to take the field, although in another month all should be at practice. The reason for the delay is the

disagreement between players and managers on the salary question. While most of the players will sign before the season opens, still they have hard work to bring themselves to accept a cut of 80 or 40 per cent. below the figures of last season. Of the New York team only three players have signed, while Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia and Washington have signed but one player each. One or two of the Cleveland players have signed, but the bone and sinew of the team is out. Cincinnati, Pittsburg and Chicago are little, if any, better off. The outlook for the coming season is gloomy."

Will Adopt the Faribault Plan. NEW YORK, Feb. 25 .- A movement is on foot in Hoboken to put the Catholic parochial schools of that city under the Faribault system of Archbisop Ireland. Father Corrigan, of the Church of Our Lady of Grace, Hoboken, who recently had a dispute with Bishop Wigger, is at the bottom of it. He has made a proposition to the school trustees of Hoboken to turn over his parochial schools to them on the condition that, after school hours, he be allowed to give religious instructions to the Catholic pupils. Father Corrigan has suggested the Faribault system, pure and simple, as a solution of the question which is now exciting Catholies all over New Jersey as to

how the Church of Rome shall get its share

of the taxes which the State appropriates to support free schools. Why Archbishop Ryan Is in St. Louis. St. Louis, Feb. 25,-Sensational rumore as to the significance of Archbishop Ryan's presence in this city have been rife, and reports implying a serious state of ecclesiastical affairs have gone out. His Grace, of Philadelphia, positively asserted to-day to a reporter that his visit to St. Louis carries no official importance, but is prompted by the warm friendship he has always felt for his distinguished brother prelate. The news of the recent illness of Archbishop Kenrick urged Archbishop Ryan to basten to St. Louis, fearing that the sickness of his beloved friend might be serious. Archbishop Kenrick has so far recovered to be once

this afternoon with Archbishop Ryan.

more attending to his diocesan duties with

Six Men Drowned, New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 25.-Six men were drowned off Cuttybunk, one of the Elizabeth islands, last night, while trying The men composed the volunteer crew of the Massachusetts Humane Society's lifeboat. The names of the unfortunate men are Captain Timothy Aikin, Isaian N. Tilton, Hiram Jackson, William Brightman and Frederick Aikin. A rope was thrown to Captain Aikin, which he caught and tied around himself three times, but it slipped off and he was lost. All the men but Brightman lived on the island, Captain Aikin leaves a wife and seven children. Jackson a wife and three children. and Tilton a wife and two children.

Anarchists Sent to Prison for Five Years, PITTSBURG, Feb. 25,-Henry C. Bauer and Carl Knold, the Anarchists convicted as accessories of Bergmann in the shooting of Chairman H. C. Frick, of the Carnegie Steel Company, were sentenced to-day to five years' imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. The Anarchists did not appear at all concerned and left the court room smiling. It was expected that sentence would also be pased upon Dempsey and Beatty, convicted of the Homestead poisoning, but the judge postponed their cases until Wednesday to further consider the application for a new trial.

Narrow Escape of "Commuters." CHICAGO, Feb. 25 .- A suburban passenger train on the Illinois Central collided with a locomotive on the same road this afternoon. Both engines were thrown into the ditch and badly wrecked. J. Franks and George Bastick, the two engineers, were badly hurt, but their injuries are not fatal. M. S. Farley, a passenger, was slightly scalded by escaping steam. The suburban train was crowded with passengers, who

them but Farley was hurt. Express Packages Missing.

were badly shaken up, though none of

TEXARKANA, Tex., Feb. 25 .- A Pacific express package containing yesterday's receipts from stations along the Transcontineptal line, which was checked to Dallas, mysteriously disappeared between Texarkana and Marshall.

TYLER, Tex., Feb. 18 .- A package consigned to the Tyler National Bank from W. 1. Wells, purporting to contain \$6,000, when opened was found to contain only paper. The express employes refuse to

Exports of Specie.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25 .- The exports of specie from the port of New York during the last week reached \$5,430,138. Of this amount \$4,838,001 was gold, and \$537,187 silver: \$4,000,000 of the gold went to Europe and \$893,001 to West India, South American and Mexican ports. Of the silver \$5 6,800 went to Europe, and \$50,357 to Southern ports. The imports of specie during the same time reached only \$455,469, of which \$421,032 was gold and \$34,437 silver.

Want Equal Chance with Texas Steers. ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Feb. 25. -Fifty telegrams were sent to Speaker Crisp today by persons interested in the immediate opening to settlement of the Cherokee Strip. Among the telegrams were those: Give home-seekers an equal chance with Texas

steers. For God's sake open the Cherokee Outlet, or make appropriation to feed twenty thousand